



### Overview of WRL FMD



David Paton

- Historical perspective
- Principal activities
- FMD threats

Needs/prospects



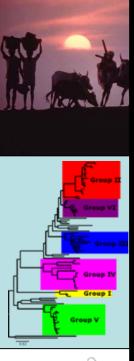
## **Historical Perspective**

☐ FMD - a long recognised vesicular disease

■ Most countries have been affected by FMD

- EUFMD established 1954 and WRLFMD established 1958 at which time
  - Regular epidemics in Europe and recent N American outbreaks
  - Types O, A, C ubiquitous
  - Lab diagnosis based on CFT, mice, tongue cultures
  - Cross-immunity tests in g-pigs and cattle



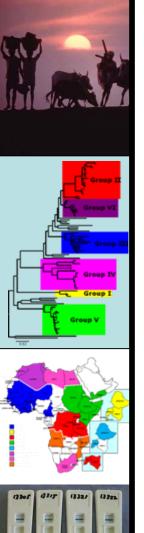


# The World Reference Laboratory for FMD: a review of 33 years of activity (1958-1991)

N.P. Ferris and A.I. Donaldson



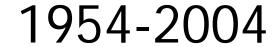




# Briefing information on the occasion of the 50<sup>th</sup> Anniversary of the

## EUROPEAN COMMISSION FOR THE CONTROL OF FMD (EUFMD)

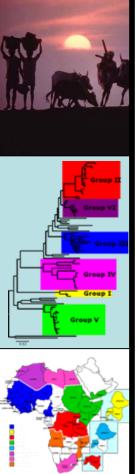
**ACTIVITIES & ACHIEVEMENTS** 





## THE RESEARCH INSTITUTE, PIRBRIGHT AS THE WRL FOR FMD

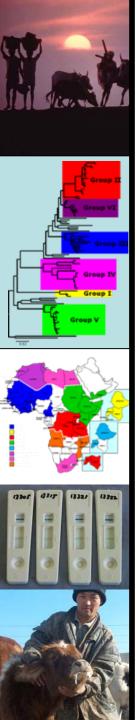
- 1949 At a joint OIE/FAO meeting the Dutch delegate proposed that the Research Institute, Pirbright, should be an International Reference Centre for FMD
- 1950 Dr I A Galloway, Director, informed OIE and FAO that the UK Government would support the proposal provided adequate international funds were made available
- 1958 Pirbright designated by FAO as the WRL for FMD
- 1960 Designation by OIE





- Referral diagnosis and reference laboratory coordination
- Recognition of threats and vaccine selection
- □ Test improvement, validation, quality assurance, reagent supply and training
- Consultancy and research priorities





### Notable events of last decade

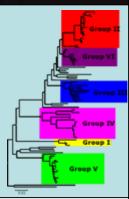
■ International collaborations

Developments in molecular typing

Implementation of PCR diagnosis

■ UK FMD outbreaks: 2001 and 2007



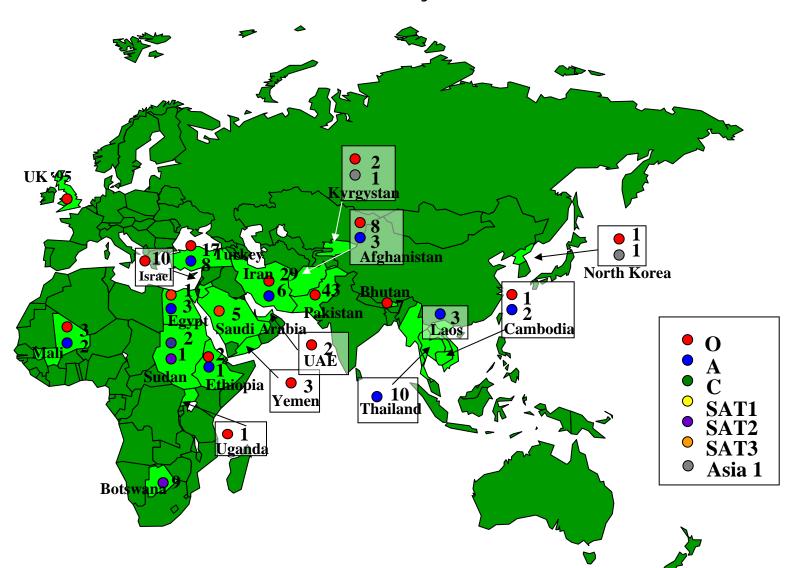




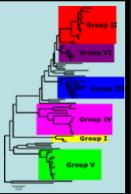


## Referral Diagnosis

FMD Viruses and Serotypes Isolated at the WRLFMD During 2007 – by Country











## WRL: 807 samples received during 2007 30 countries

**AFGHANISTAN** 

**BHUTAN** 

CAMBODIA [4]

**KYRGYZSTAN** 

**LAOS** [3]

**PAKISTAN** 

THAILAND [12]

VIETNAM [2]

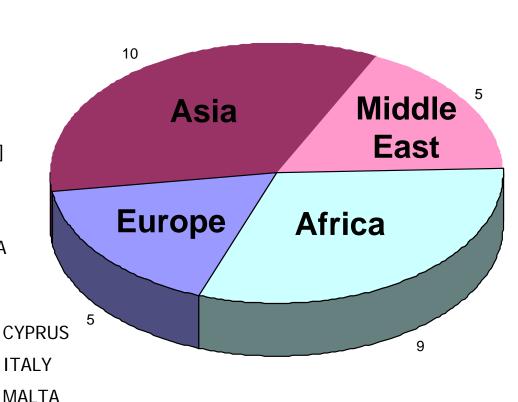
MALAYSIA [9]

NORTH KOREA

**PORTUGAL** 

**TURKEY** 

UK



ARABIA

UAE

**IRAN** 

**ISRAEL** 

YEMEN

**SAUDI** 

**BOTSWANA** 

**EGYPT** 

ETHIOPIA

MALI

SUDAN

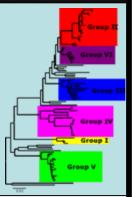
**NAMIBIA** 

SUDAN

UGANDA

ZAMBIA

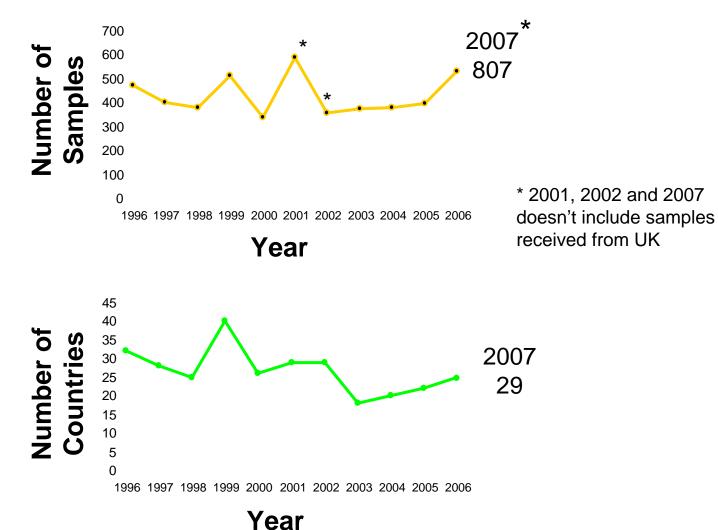


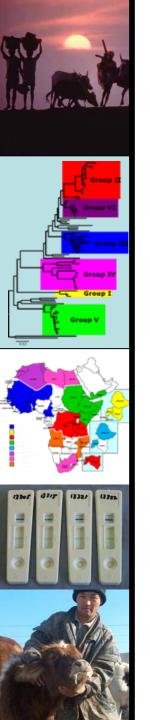




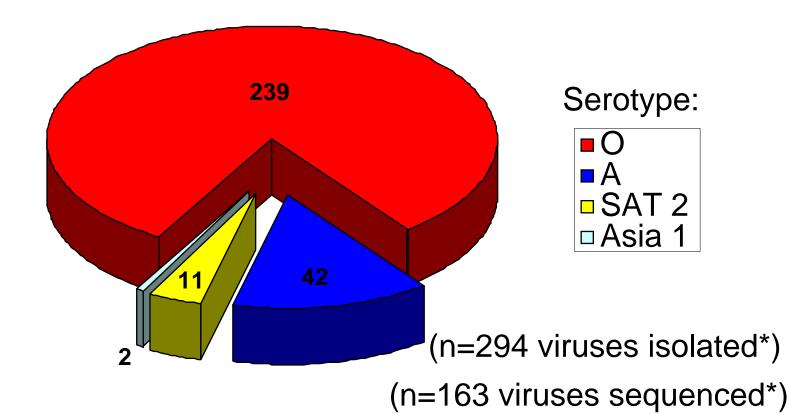


### Samples received to WRLFMD: trends





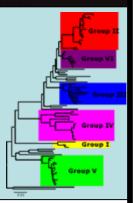
## WRLFMD: FMD Viruses isolated during 2007



(n=72 field isolates characterised antigenically)

<sup>\*</sup> Includes viruses associated with UK outbreak in 2007









### Annual OIE/FAO FMD Reference Laboratory Network Report

January – December 2007

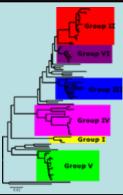
FAO World Reference Laboratory and OIE Reference Laboratory for FMD (WRLFMD or WRL), Institute for Animal Health, Pirbright, UK: Nigel Ferris, Nick Knowles, Yanmin Li, Bob Statham, Don King, David Paton

Centro Panamericano de Fiebre Aftosa-PAHO/WHO (PANAFTOSA) and OIE Reference Laboratory for FMD, and FAO Reference Laboratory for FMD, Rio de Janeiro, Brazil: Ingrid Bergmann, Viviana Malirat

Federal Governmental Institute, Centre for Animal Health (FGI ARRIAH) and OIE Reference Laboratory for FMD, Vladimir, Russia: Valery Zakharov, Vladimir Borisov, Aleksey Scherbakov, Svetlana Kremenchugskaya

OIE Regional Reference Laboratory for the Sub-Saharan continent, Gabarone, Botswana: Mr Elliot Fana, Gaolathe Thobokwe, George Matlho

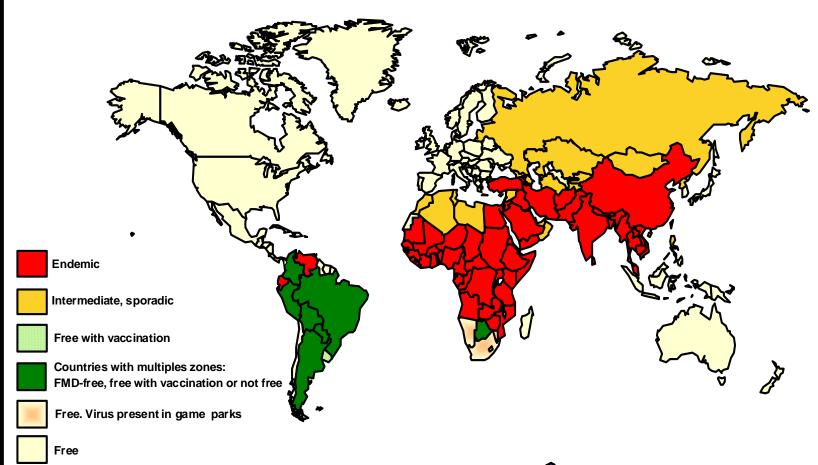
# Tier I





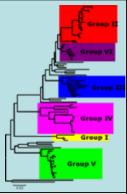


## Conjectured Status of FMD 2007



**FAO FMD World Reference Laboratory** 



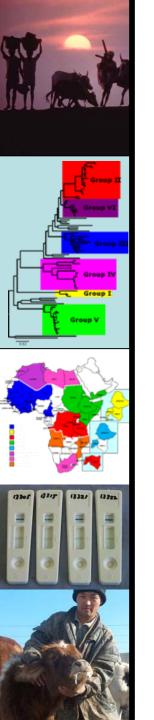






## Summary of Key Recent Events (2006 - 2008)

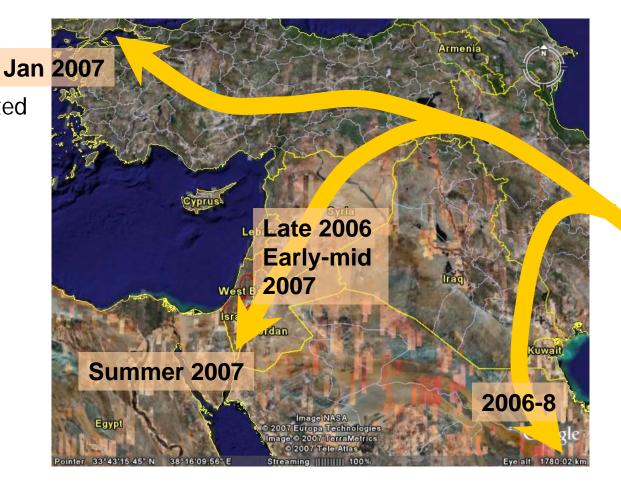
- ☐ Spread of a new O PanAsia-lineage throughout the Middle East
- Spread of A-Iran-05 from Iran into Saudi Arabia, Turkey (including Thrace), Jordan and Pakistan
- Spread of African type A virus into Egypt
- Outbreaks of Asia-1 in China and spread to North Korea (in January 2007)
- Outbreaks of SAT2 in Southern Africa (Botswana, Namibia, Zambia) – October 2007
- □ Recurrence of type O FMD in Argentina and Brazil in 2006 and continued outbreaks of O and A in Venezuela and Ecuador
- European FMD outbreaks (United Kingdom and Cyprus)



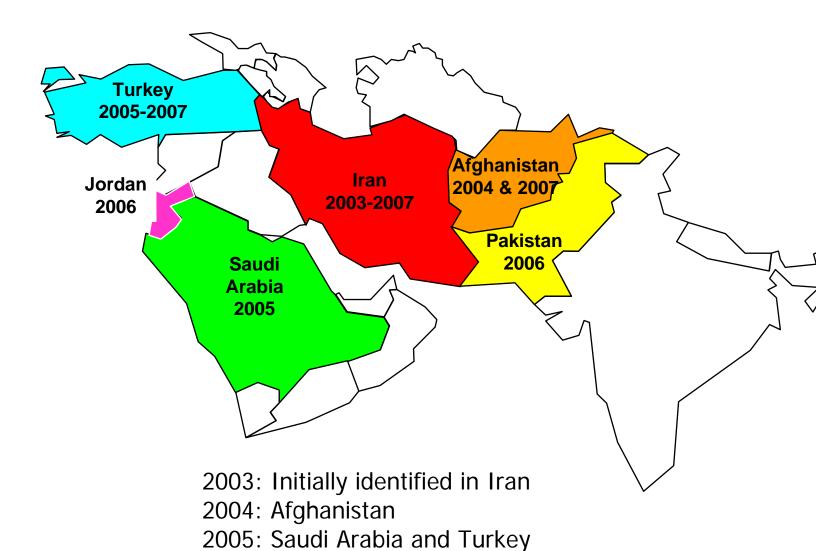
## Serotype O: PanAsia II lineage Recent outbreaks caused by this strain

Middle East Ja countries affected during 2006-8

- Iran
- Turkey
- Saudi Arabia
- •UAE
- Lebanon
- Israel
- Jordan
- Palestine AT
- Egypt
- Bahrain



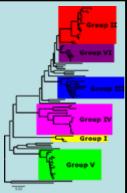
## Serotype A Iran05 lineage



2006: Jordan and Pakistan

2007: European Thrace (Turkey)









## Vaccine recommendations (antigen banks)

HIGH PRIORITY O Manisa O BFS or Campos A24 Cruzeiro Asia 1 Shamir A Iran 1996

A22 Iraq

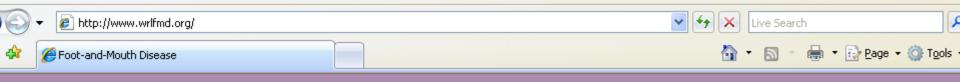
SAT 2 Saudi Arabia (or equivalent)

MEDIUM PRIORITY

A Eritrea
SAT 2 Zimbabwe
A Iran 87 or A Saudi Arabia 23/86 (or equivalent)
SAT 1 South Africa
A Malaysia 97 (or Thai equivalent such as A/NPT/TAI/86)
A Argentina 2001
O Taiwan 97 (pig-adapted strain or Philippine equivalent)
A Iran 1999

LOW PRIORITY A15 Bangkok related strain A87 Argentina related strain C Noville SAT 2 Kenya SAT 1 Kenya SAT 3 Zimbabwe A Kenya

Within category: not in order of importance



The FAO World Reference Laboratory for Foot-and-Mouth Disease (WRLFMD) presents...



Favorites Tools

Help

## Foot-and-Mouth Disease Home Page

The Institute for Animal Health (Pirbright Laboratory) is designated as the World Reference Laboratory for Foot-and-Mouth Disease by the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) of the United Nations and as a reference laboratory for FMD by the Office International des Epizooties (OIE)

> OIE Disease Information WAHID Interface

Summary of Immediate

notifications and Follow-ups

Weekly Disease Information

### Navigation

FMD BioPortal

Ref Lab Reports FMDV Serotypina

MDV Genotyping

F&M Disease

FMD Diagnosis

4D Vaccine Manuf.

FMD Labs FMD Agencies

**FMD Meetings** 

OIE FMD Links

Related Sites

> Molecular Epidemiology/Genotyping Reports

> FMDV Sequences

FMD-CSF Coordination Action site

OIE Disease Information

The 2001 Outbreak in the United Kingdom: DEFRA FMD Page

Info on FMD in Taiwan (NIAH, Japan)

Institute for Animal Health (IAH)

IAH Virus Pages

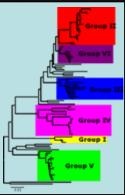
Picornaviruses

Training courses at IAH-Pirbright on the Diagnosis of Transboundary Animal Diseases are planned for Spring 2008. For further information click here or contact Dr Chris Oura

ebmaster: Nick Knowles











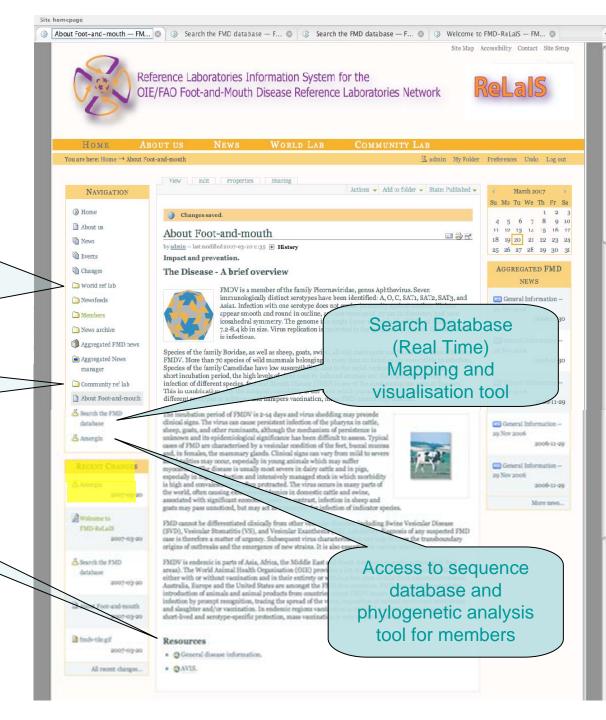


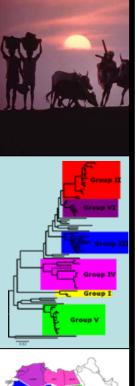
### ReLaIS

Information about the activities of the WRL e.g. proceedings of meetings, presentations given by various members, summaries and overviews.

Information about the activities of the CRL (CRL website).

General Information and <u>Resourc</u>es







- In recent years there has been little change in the global distribution of FMD
- But, new variants of FMDV have arisen/emerged unpredictably
- Vaccine recommendations have been revised (2006) to take account of isolates characterised from recent outbreaks in Egypt and the Middle East



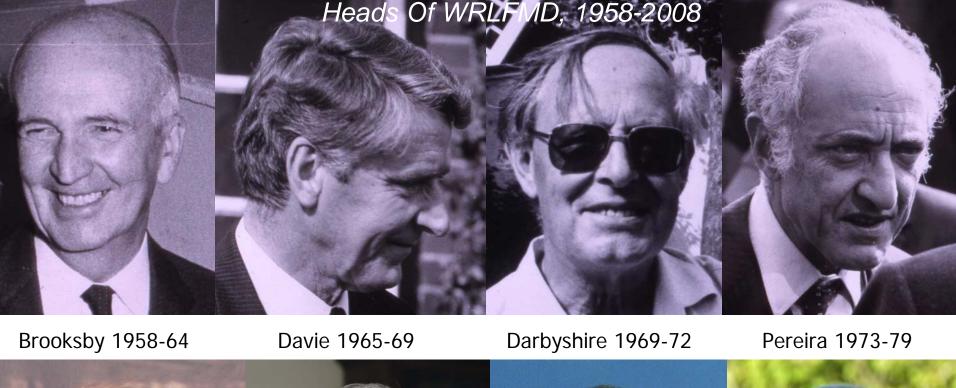






### In Future

- Monitoring circulating strains of FMDV (through reference labs) continues to play an important role in the control of the disease
- Growing requirement for QA
- Research into
  - New diagnostics, vaccine selection methods and vaccines
  - Understanding dynamics of FMDV persistence, evolution and spread
- New rules on trade, including commodity based trade
- □ Further social, political and economic changes e.g. economic propserity, transboundary wildlife parks



Hedger 1979-84

Donaldson 1985-89

Kitching 1989-01

Paton 2001-08